

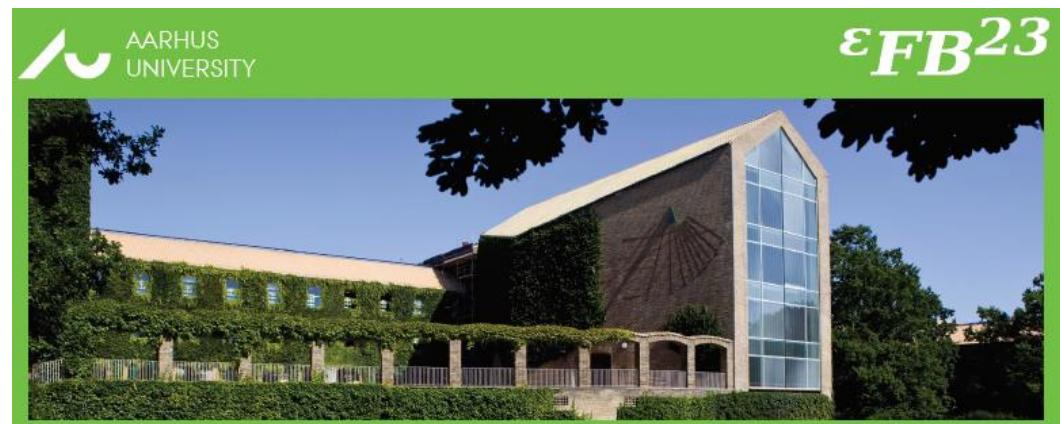
Break-up channels in Muon Capture on ${}^3\text{He}$ and ${}^3\text{H}$



JAGIELLONIAN
UNIVERSITY

J.Golak,

R.Skibiński, H. Witała, K.Topolnicki,
H. Kamada, A. Nogga, L.E. Marcucci



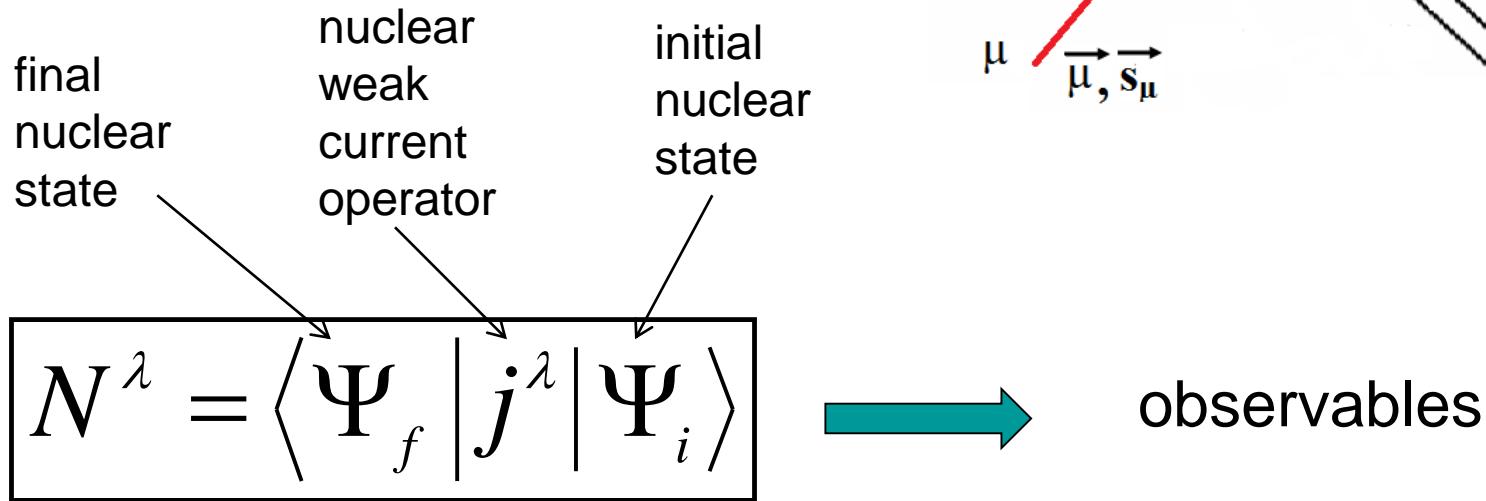
Outline

- Sketch of formalism
- Benchmark for $\mu^- + d \rightarrow v_\mu + n + n$ and $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow v_\mu + {}^3\text{H}$
- Break-up channels: $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow v_\mu + n + d$, $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow v_\mu + n + n + p$
and $\mu^- + {}^3\text{H} \rightarrow v_\mu + n + n + n$
 - predictions for total capture rates
 - comparison with recent experimental data
- Conclusions and outlook

Sketch of formalism

$$T_{fi} \propto L_\lambda N^\lambda$$

$$L_\lambda = \bar{u}(\vec{v}, s_v) \gamma_\lambda (1 - \gamma_5) u(\vec{\mu}, s_\mu)$$



Sketch of formalism (*cont.*)

Weak 3N current operator: single nucleon and many-nucleon parts

$$j^\lambda = \sum_i j^\lambda(i) + \sum_{i < j} j^\lambda(i, j) + j^\lambda(1, 2, 3) + \dots$$

single
nucleon
current

$$j^\lambda(\vec{p}', s'; \vec{p}, s) = \bar{u}(\vec{p}', s') \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (g_1^V - 2m g_2^V) \gamma^\lambda \\ + g_2^V (p + p')^\lambda \\ + g_1^A \gamma^\lambda \gamma^5 \\ + g_2^A (p - p')^\lambda \gamma^5 \end{array} \right\} \tau_- u(\vec{p}, s)$$

$g_1^V, g_2^V, g_1^A, g_2^A$

weak nucleon formfactors

isospin lowering
operator: proton „in”,
neutron „out”

Sketch of formalism (*cont.*)

Single nucleon current operator is used either in the nonrelativistic form or with $1/m^2$ corrections (RC) in the form borrowed from the Pisa group

Many-body current operators are discussed in many papers.
see for example:



L.E. Marcucci *et al.*, Phys.Rev.C **63**, 015801 (2001)

L.E. Marcucci *et al.*, Phys.Rev.C **83**, 014002 (2011)

L.E. Marcucci *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **108**, 052502 (2012)

G. Shen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **86**, 035503 (2012)

S. Ando *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **533**, 25 (2002)

....

We take the 2N weak current operators from the meson-exchange model but neglect contributions from Delta excitations

Sketch of formalism (*cont.*)

Muon capture from the lowest K-shell of the muonic atom !

$$\psi_K(r) \equiv \psi_{100}(r) = \sqrt{\frac{(Z m' \alpha)^3}{\pi}} e^{-Z m' \alpha r}$$

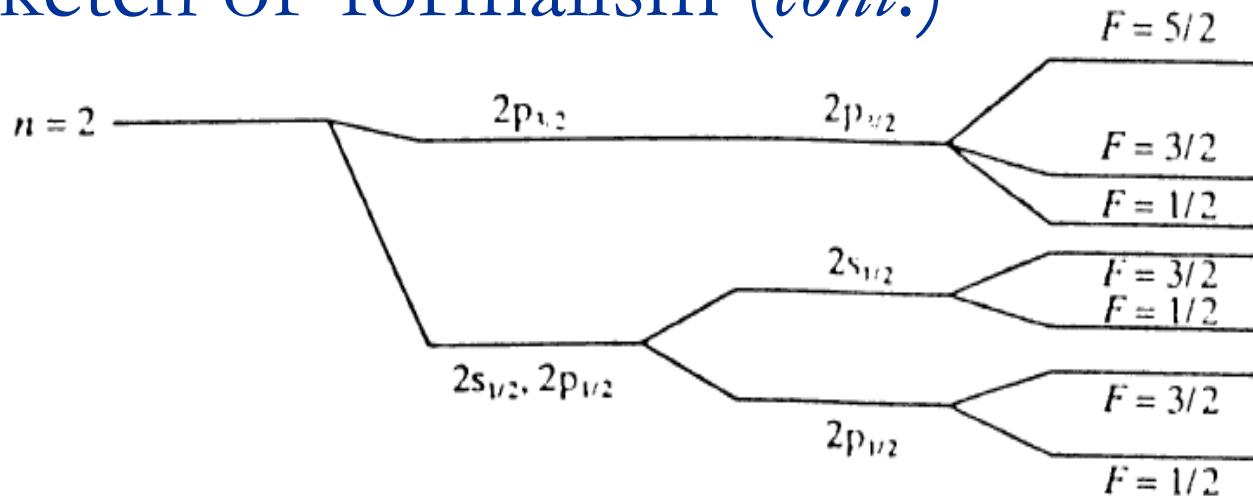
$$m' \equiv \frac{m_\mu m_Z}{m_\mu + m_Z}$$

reduced mass of the
muonic atom

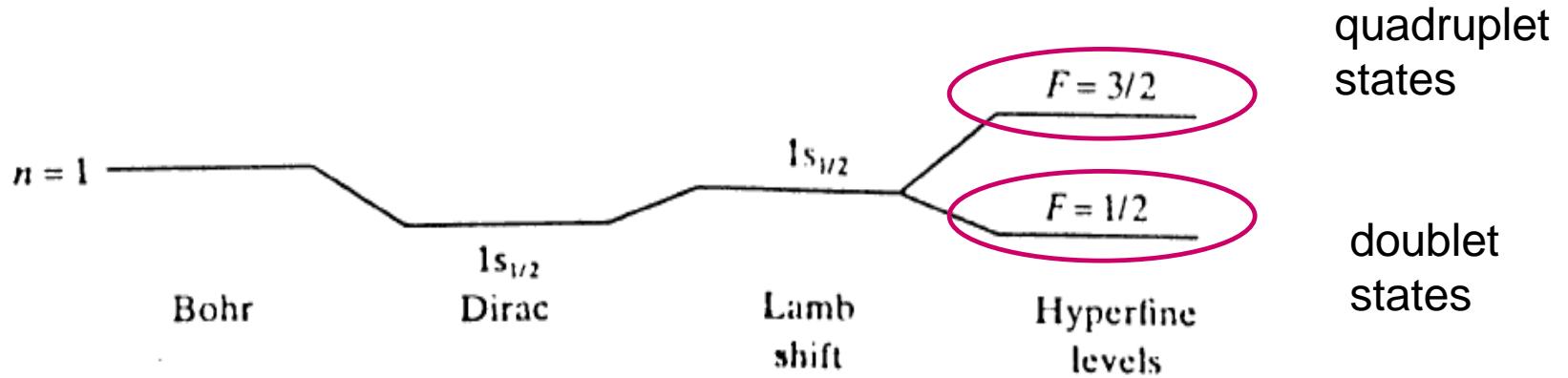
$$E_1 = -\frac{Z^2 \alpha^2 m'}{2}$$

muon binding energy
negligible for $Z=1,2$

Sketch of formalism (cont.)



Hyperfine structure in deuteron

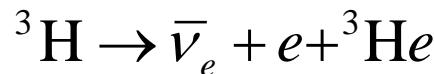
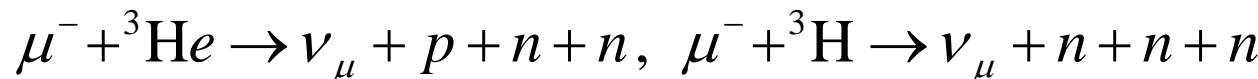
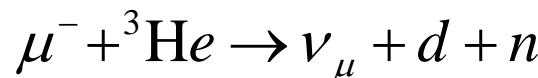
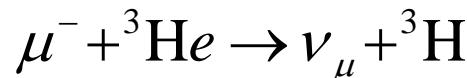
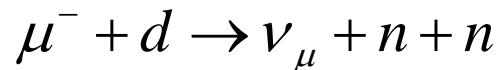


Sketch of formalism (*cont.*)

Momentum space calculations employing partial wave decomposition

Methods developed for electromagnetic reactions

(see for example: **Phys. Rept. 415, 89 (2005); Eur. Phys. J. A 24, 31 (2005)**)
extended to describe following reactions



...

Benchmark for $\mu^- + d \rightarrow \nu_\mu + n + n$ (cont.)

Doublet ($F=1/2$) and quadruplet ($F=3/2$) capture rates in s^{-1}
calculated with the AV18 NN potential (neutron mass is used)

	$F=1/2$ PW	$F=1/2$ full	$F=3/2$ PW	$F=3/2$ full
SNC	351.8	382.3	9.8	11.4
SNC+MEC	356.9	391.0	10.3	12.1



in agreement with results of the Pisa group:
L.E. Marcucci *et al.*, Phys.Rev. C **83, 014002 (2011)**

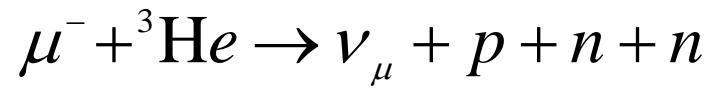
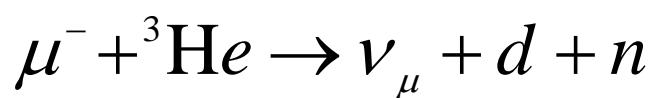
Benchmark for $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + {}^3\text{H}$

$$N^\lambda = \langle \Psi^{^3H} | j^\lambda | \Psi^{^3He} \rangle$$

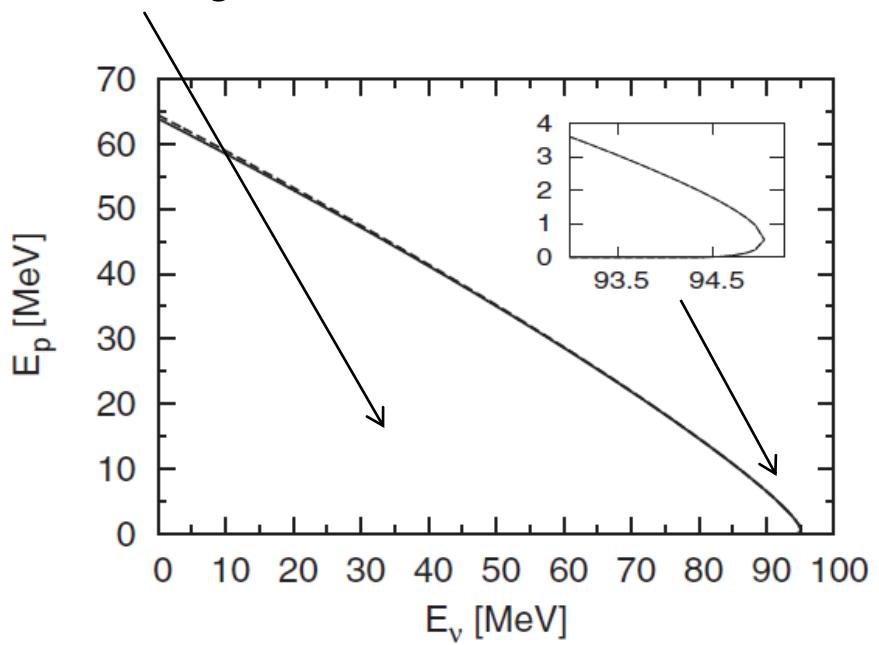
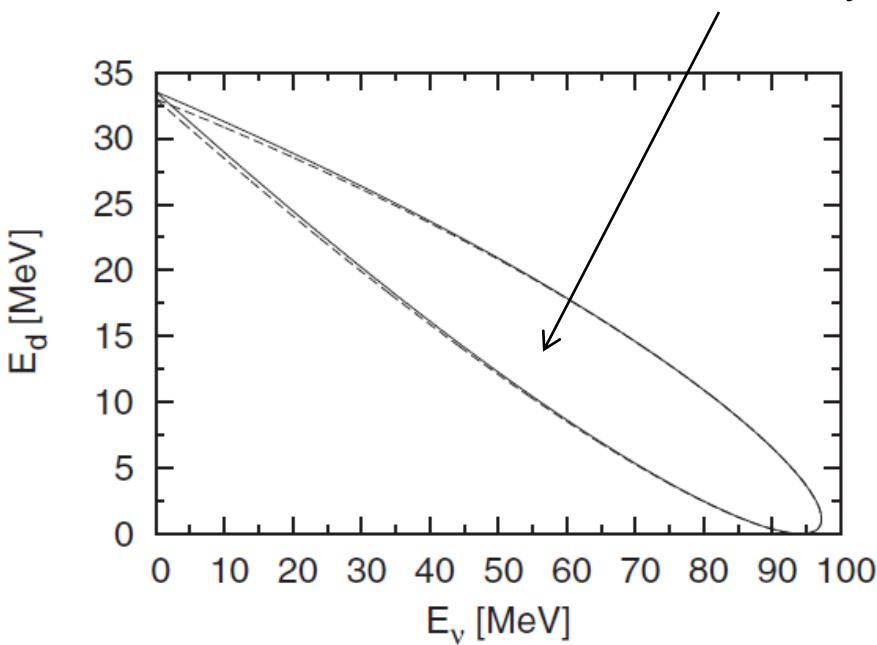
Three-nucleon Hamiltonian	Capture rate Γ in s^{-1}	
Bonn B	1360	
chiral NNLO version 1	1379	
chiral NNLO version 2	1312	
chiral NNLO version 3	1350	
chiral NNLO version 4	1394	
chiral NNLO version 5	1332	
AV18	1295	
AV18 with MEC	1353	
AV18 + Urbana IX	1324	1316
AV18 + Urbana IX with MEC	1386	1385
Exp: P. Ackerbauer <i>et al.</i>	1496 ± 4	

in agreement with
results of the Pisa
group:
*L.E. Marcucci et
al., Phys. Rev.C 83,
014002 (2011)*

Break-up channels



kinematically allowed regions



Relativistic and nonrelativistic curves overlap
no relativity in the kinematics !

Break-up channels (*cont.*)

$$N^\lambda = \langle \Psi_f^{(-)} | j^\lambda | \Psi^{3He} \rangle$$

two-body or three-body scattering state

$$| \Psi_f^{(-)} \rangle = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-i\varepsilon}{E - i\varepsilon - H} | \phi_f \rangle$$

channel
state

formal definition

$$\begin{aligned} H &= H_0 + V_{23} + V_{13} + V_{12} + V_{123} \\ &\equiv H_0 + V_1 + V_2 + V_3 + V_4 \end{aligned}$$

full 3N Hamiltonian

Break-up channels (*cont.*)

Operators in 3N space:

(1) 3N force decomposed as

$$V_4 = V_4^{(1)} + V_4^{(2)} + V_4^{(3)}$$

$V_4^{(i)}$ is symmetric under the exchange of nucleons j and k, $i \neq j \neq k \neq i$

(2) free 3N propagator introduced

$$G_0 \equiv \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{E + i\varepsilon - H_0}$$

(3) 2N off-shell t-matrix generated via LSE:

$$t = V + V G_0 t$$

(4) identical nucleons \rightarrow permutation operator: $P = P_{12}P_{23} + P_{13}P_{23}$

Break-up channels (*cont.*)

Auxiliary equation and quadratures

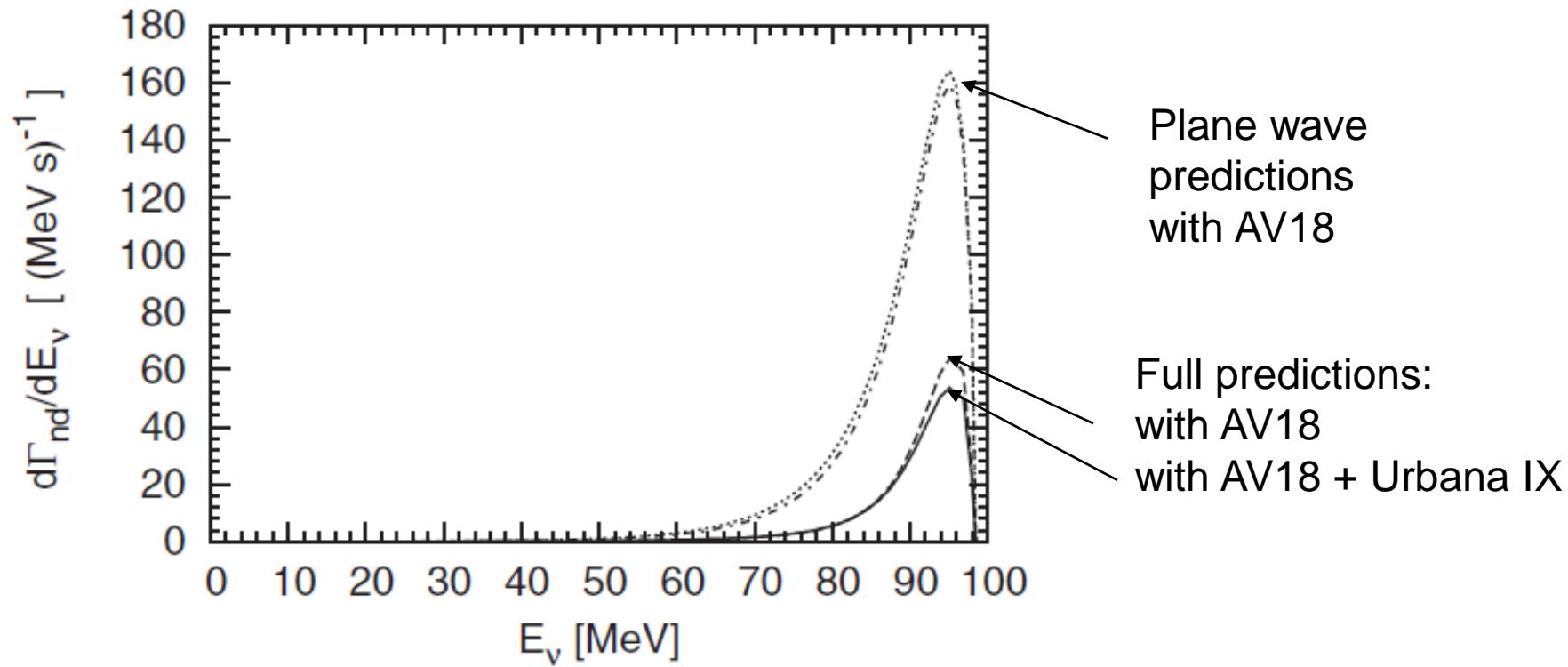
$$\begin{aligned} |U^\lambda\rangle &= \left\{ tG_0 + \frac{1}{2}(1+P)V_4^{(1)} G_0(1+tG_0) \right\} (1+P)j^\lambda |\Psi^{^3He}\rangle \\ &\quad + \left\{ tG_0 P + \frac{1}{2}(1+P)V_4^{(1)} G_0(1+tG_0)P \right\} |U^\lambda\rangle, \end{aligned}$$

$$N^{\lambda,nd} = \langle \phi_{nd} | (1+P)j^\lambda | \Psi^{^3He} \rangle + \langle \phi_{nd} | P | U^\lambda \rangle,$$

$$\begin{aligned} N^{\lambda,nnp} &= \langle \phi_{nnp} | (1+P)j^\lambda | \Psi^{^3He} \rangle + \langle \phi_{nnp} | tG_0(1+P)j^\lambda | \Psi^{^3He} \rangle \\ &\quad + \langle \phi_{nnp} | P | U^\lambda \rangle + \langle \phi_{nnp} | tG_0 P | U^\lambda \rangle \end{aligned}$$

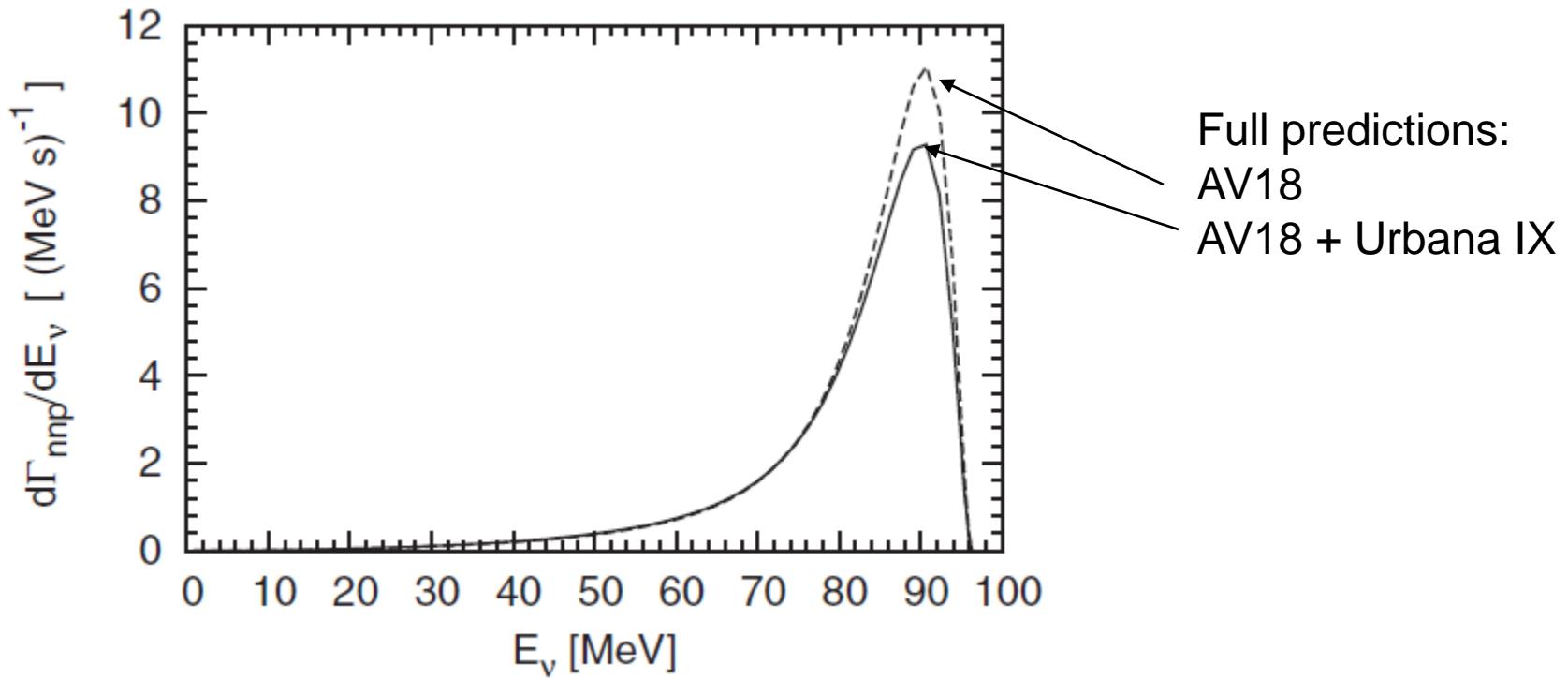
Break-up channels: $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + \text{n} + \text{d}$

J. Golak *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 024001 (2014)



Break-up channels: $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + n + n + p$

J. Golak *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 024001 (2014)



Break-up channels for ${}^3\text{He}$: summary

	Capture rate Γ in s^{-1}			
	Γ_{nd}		Γ_{nnp}	$\Gamma_{nd} + \Gamma_{nnp}$
	PW	SPW	Full	Full
AV18 ($j_{\max} = 3$)	1917	2046	604	169 773
AV18 ($j_{\max} = 4$)	1917	2046	606	170 776
AV18 + Urbana IX ($j_{\max} = 3$)	1853	1956	544	154 698
				← best predictions !
Earlier theoretical predictions:				
Yano [34]		510	160	670
Philips <i>et al.</i> [35]		414	209	623
Congleton [36]				650
Experimental results:				
Zaimidoroga <i>et al.</i> [37]			660 \pm 160	
Auerbach <i>et al.</i> [38]			665 $^{+170}_{-430}$	
Maev <i>et al.</i> [39]			720 \pm 70	
Bystritsky <i>et al.</i> [15]				
Method I	491 \pm 125	187 \pm 11	678 \pm 126	
Method II	497 \pm 57	190 \pm 7	687 \pm 60	

Improved chiral forces

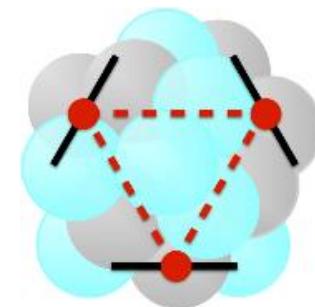
2N forces published recently:

E. Epelbaum, H. Krebs, U.-G. Meißner, Eur. Phys. J. A **5**, 53 (2015);
and Phys. Rev. Lett. **115**, 122301 (2015),
(later also consistent 3N forces and currents)

will be applied within **LENPIC** „to understand nuclear structure and reactions with chiral forces”

<http://www.lenpic.org>

Low Energy Nuclear Physics
International Collaboration



LENPIC



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
DARMSTADT

Sven Binder, Kai Hebeler,
Joachim Langhammer, Robert Roth

IOWA STATE
UNIVERSITY

Pieter Maris, Hugh Potter, James Vary



Jacek Golak, Roman Skibiński,
Kacper Topolnicki, Henryk Witała



Evgeny Epelbaum, Hermann Krebs



Richard J. Furnstahl,



Andreas Nogga



Kyutech
Kyushu Institute of Technology

Hiroyuki Kamada



Angelo Calci



Veronique Bernard



Ulf-G. Meißner

Results with the improved chiral potential for $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + \text{n} + \text{d}$ (single nucleon current with RC)

R. Skibiński *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **93**, 064002 (2016)

Chiral order	R=0.8 fm	R=0.9 fm	R=1 fm	R=1.1 fm	R=1.2 fm	$\Gamma_{\max} - \Gamma_{\min}$
LO	262	282	312	350	392	130
NLO	535	525	515	504	492	44
N2LO	547	539	529	518	507	40
N3LO	584	586	592	596	603	19
N4LO	590	584	583	587	595	12

AV18 604

very weak dependence on
the regulator parameter R

Results with the improved chiral potential for $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + n + n + p$ (single nucleon current with RC)

R. Skibiński *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **93**, 064002 (2016)

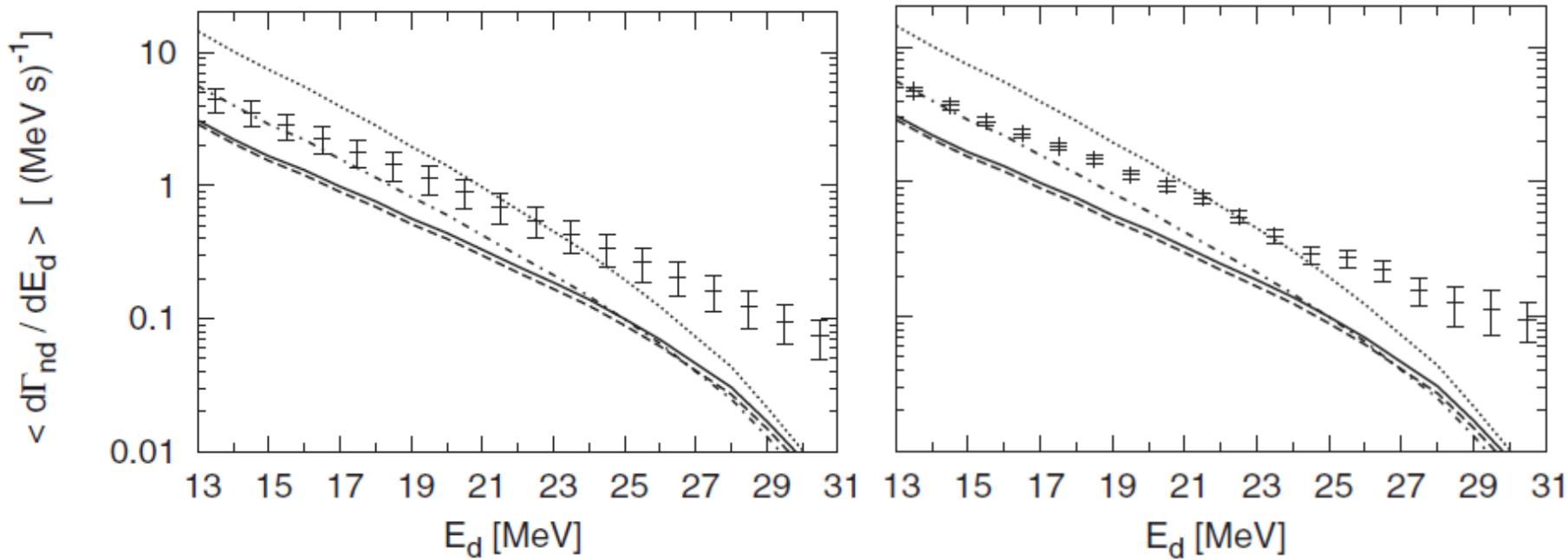
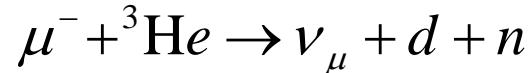
Chiral order	R=0.8 fm	R=0.9 fm	R=1 fm	R=1.1 fm	R=1.2 fm	$\Gamma_{\max} - \Gamma_{\min}$
LO	95	99	105	113	120	26
NLO	159	157	154	151	148	11
N2LO	161	159	157	154	151	10
N3LO	169	169	171	172	175	6
N4LO	170	169	169	170	173	4

AV18 169

very weak dependence on
the regulator parameter R

Break-up channels for ${}^3\text{He}$: theory vs. experiment

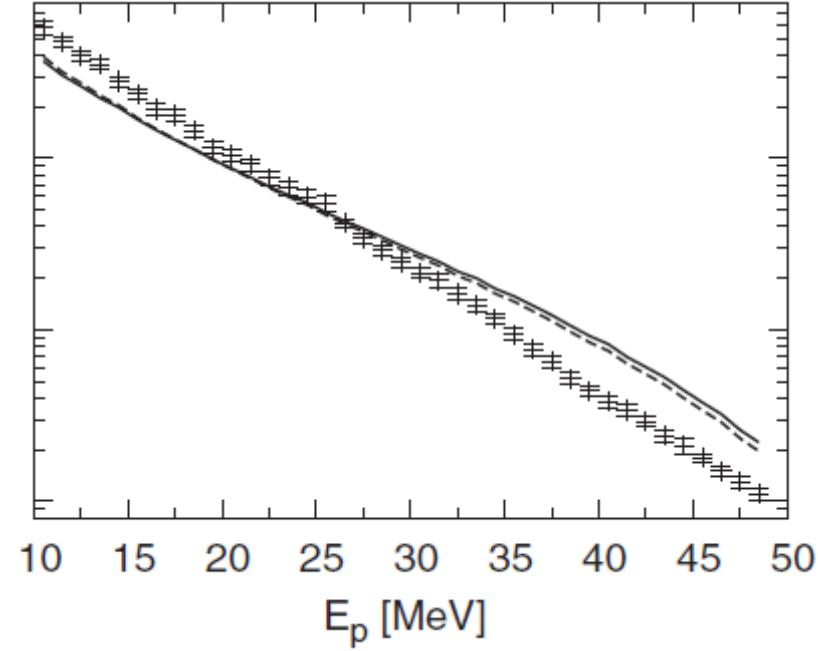
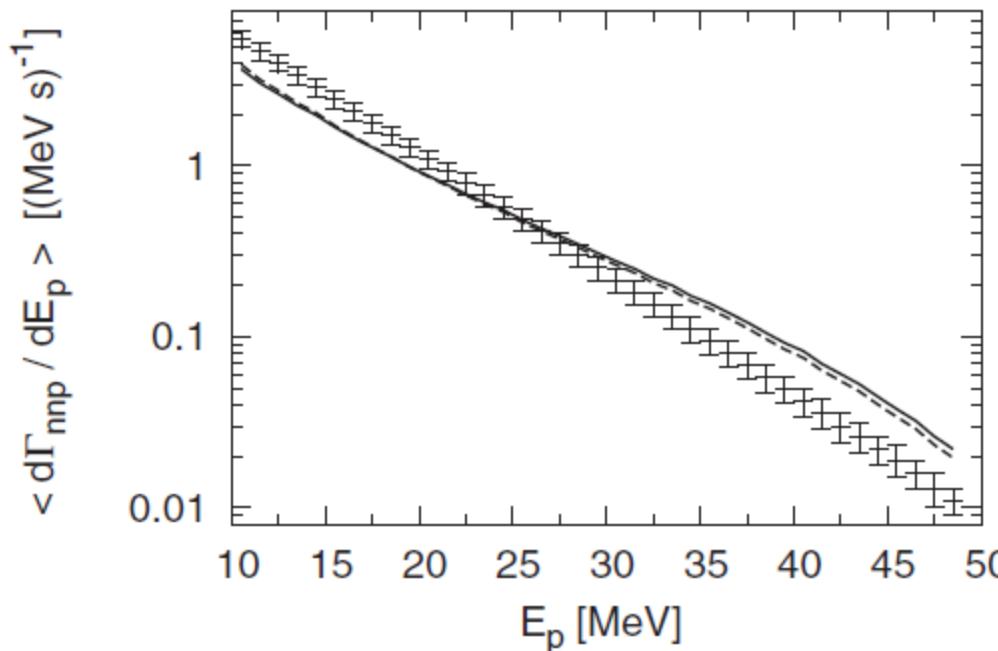
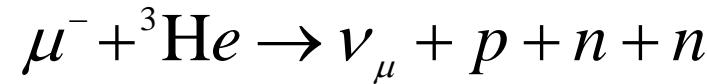
Two sets of data from **Bystritsky et al.**, Phys. Rev. A **69**, 012712 (2004)



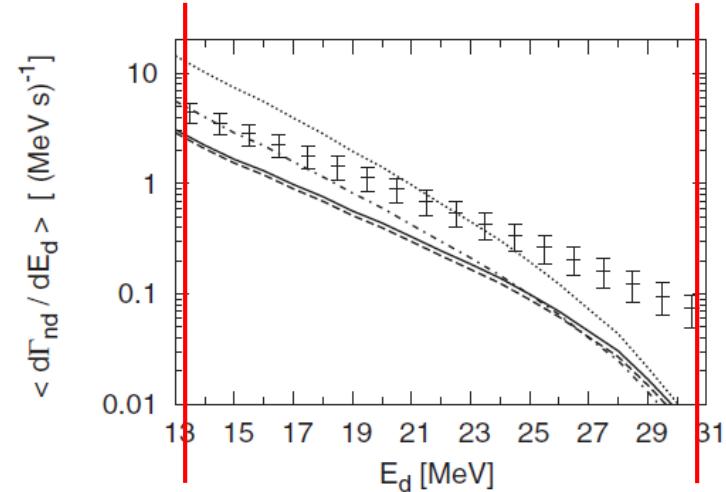
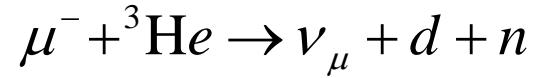
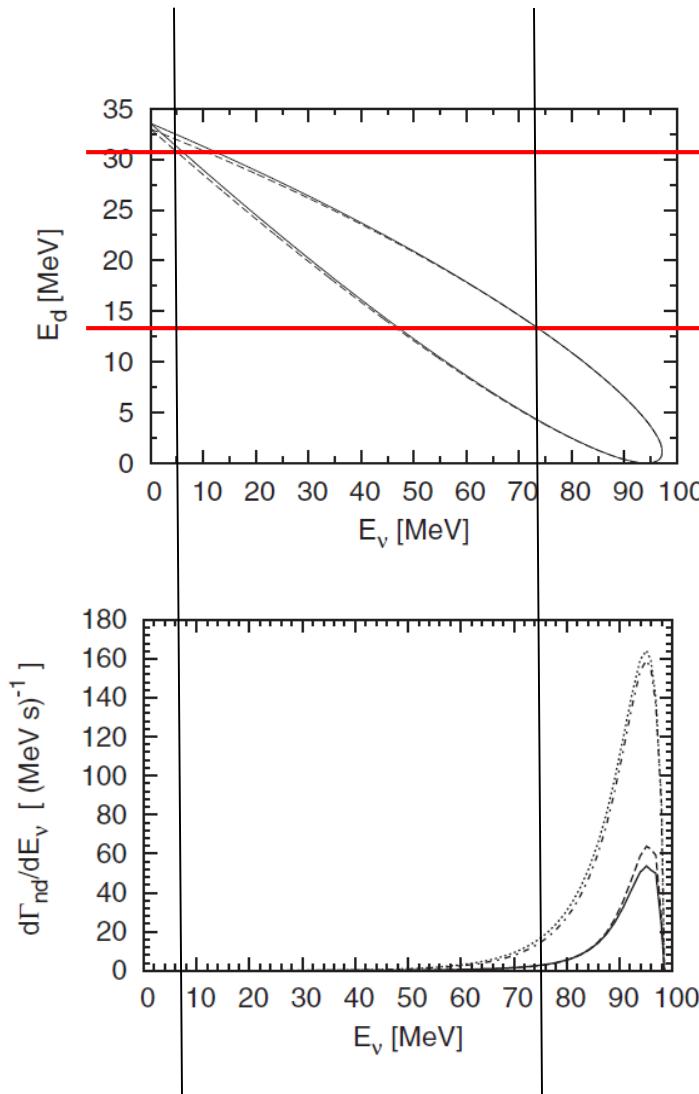
Our calculations with AV18 + Urbana IX underestimate the data !

Break-up channels (*cont.*)

Data from **Bystritsky et al.**, Phys. Rev. A **69**, 012712 (2004)



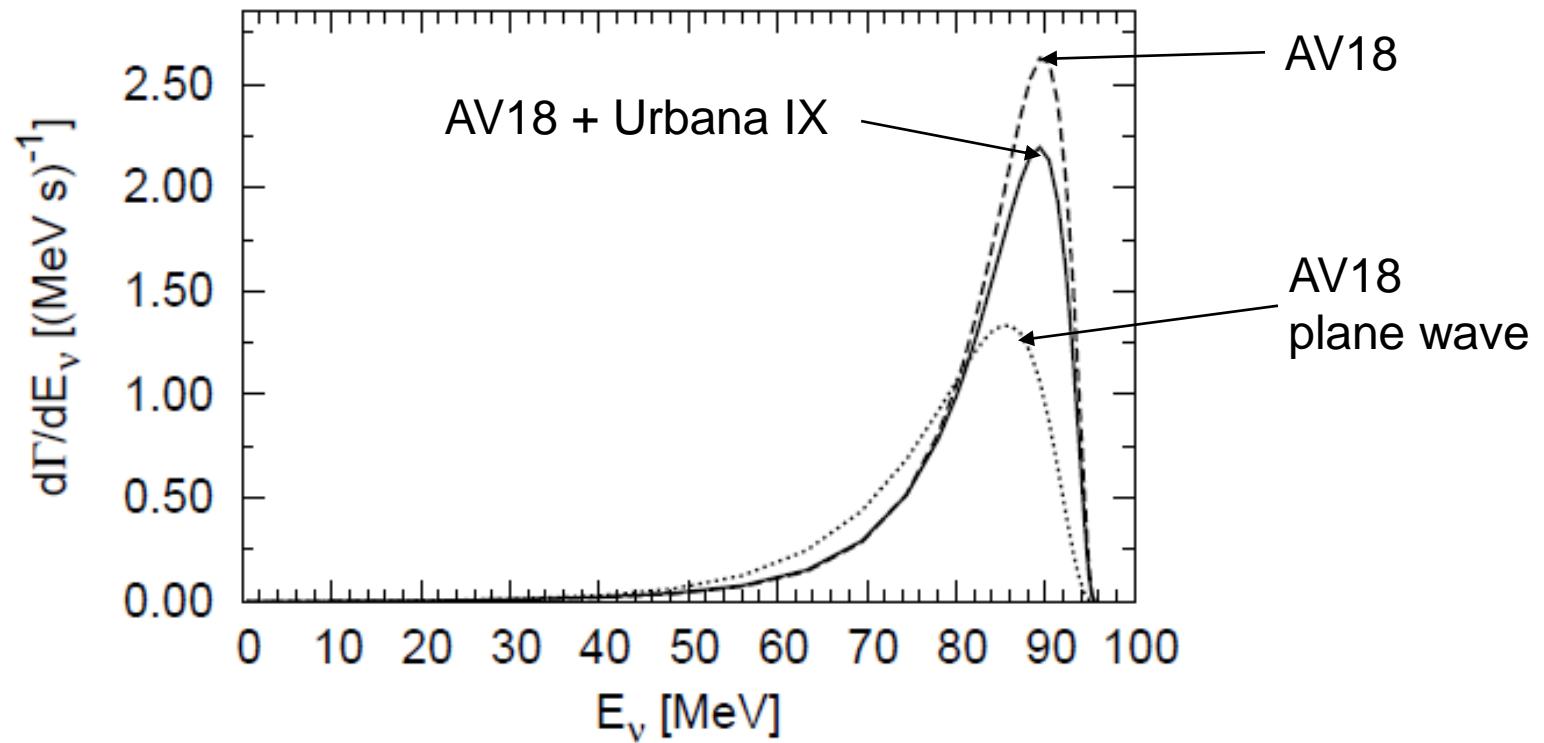
Break-up channels (*cont.*)



Is extrapolation
possible at all ?
How to measure total
capture rates ??

Break-up channels: $\mu^- + {}^3\text{H} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + \text{n} + \text{n} + \text{n}$

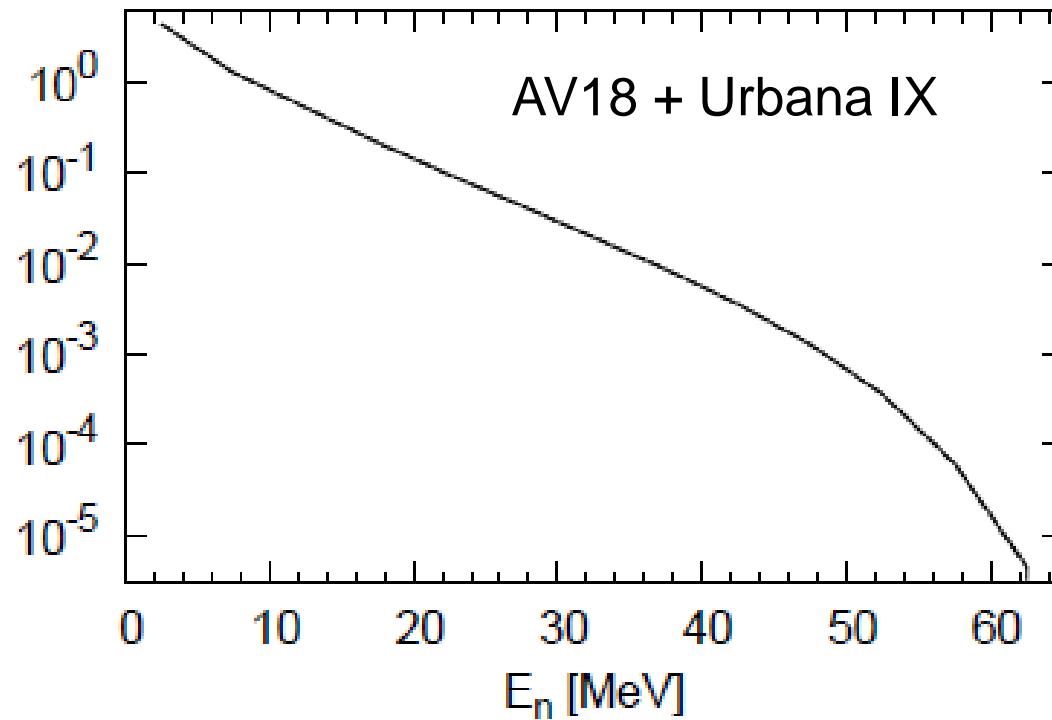
J. Golak *et al.*, arXiv:1605.05668 [nucl-th]



Break-up channels: $\mu^- + {}^3\text{H} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + \text{n} + \text{n} + \text{n}$

J. Golak *et al.*, arXiv:1605.05668 [nucl-th]

differential capture rate $d\Gamma/dE_n$
averaged over 5 MeV energy bins



low-energy
neutrons
decide about
the total rate !

Break-up channels: $\mu^- + {}^3\text{H} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + \text{n} + \text{n} + \text{n}$

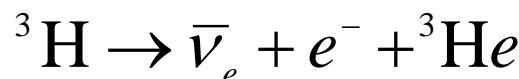
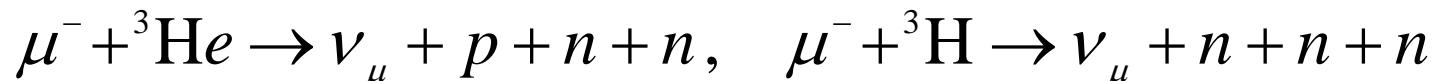
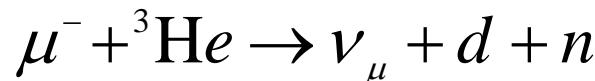
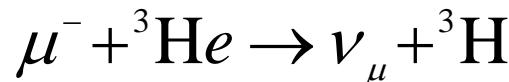
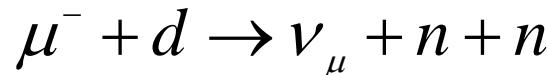
	capture rate Γ in s^{-1}		
	$F = 0$	$F = 1$	total
AV18, without RC	138.1 (100.0)	3.97 (2.97)	37.5 (27.2)
AV18	133.6 (97.0)	4.21 (3.12)	36.5 (26.6)
AV18 + Urbana IX	118.7	3.92	32.6

earlier theoretical predictions:

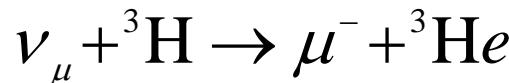
A.C. Phillips <i>et al.</i> (1975)	YAM	best predictions !	9.5 (6.1)
J. Torre <i>et al.</i> (1978)	RSC		(23.6)
	RSC RC		(28.2)
	SSC		(23.0)
	SSC RC		(27.6)
J. Torre <i>et al.</i> (1979)	SSC	122.8 (90.6)	33.4 (24.7)
	SSC RC	137.5 (102.0)	37.1 (27.6)
R.I. Dzhibuti <i>et al.</i> (1984)	V		35.7 (22.3)
	EH		29.9 (19.7)
	S1		33.1 (20.8)
	S2		35.5 (21.9)

Conclusions and outlook

- We have constructed a very robust momentum space framework to deal with several weak processes



...



Conclusions and outlook (*cont.*)

- We have tested it by comparing our numbers with the results obtained by the Pisa group for $\mu^- + d \rightarrow \nu_\mu + n + n$, $\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + {}^3\text{H}$ ($\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + n + d$ in progress !)
- We have obtained first realistic estimates for the total capture rates in three 3N break-up channels:

$$\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + d + n \quad (\Gamma_{\text{nd}} = 544 \text{ s}^{-1}),$$

$$\mu^- + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + p + n + n \quad (\Gamma_{\text{nnp}} = 154 \text{ s}^{-1}),$$

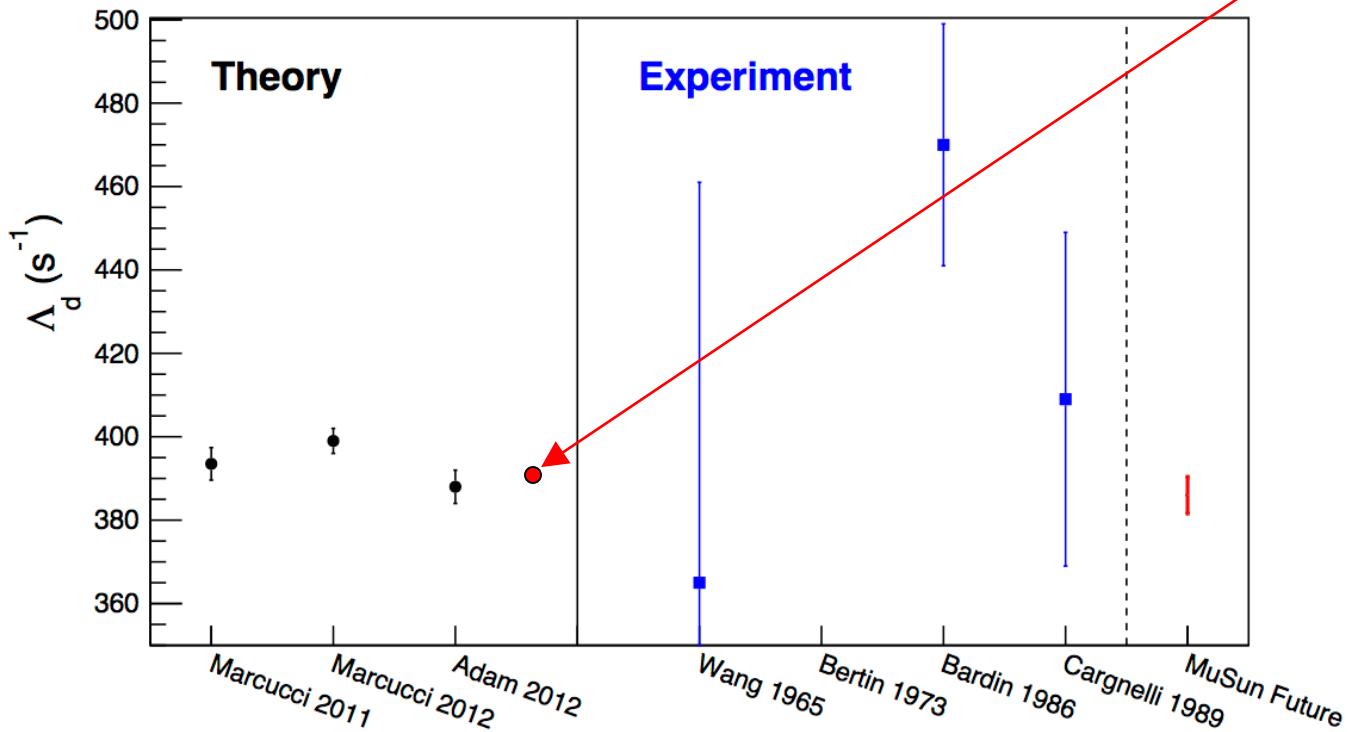
$$\mu^- + {}^3\text{H} \rightarrow \nu_\mu + n + n + n \quad (\Gamma_{\text{nnn}} = 32.6 \text{ s}^{-1}).$$

- We do not agree well with the results of the recent experiment by Bystritsky *et al.*, Phys. Rev. A **69**, 012712 (2004).
- We look forward to consistent chiral potentials and weak current operators within the **LENPIC** project

Conclusions and outlook (*cont.*)

- We are waiting for the results from the MuSun experiment
<http://muon.npl.washington.edu/exp/MuSun/>

Our prediction with AV18 and SNC+MEC



Conclusions and outlook (*cont.*)

- ... and hoping for the precision measurements of the capture rates in the break-up channels

Thank you for your attention !