Exercises: free scalar field

- 1. For a scalar field prove the orthogonality of plane waves with periodic boundary condition.
- 2. For the Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = \partial_a \phi^* \partial^a \phi - m^2 \phi^* \phi$$

find the expressions for the energy-momentum tensor, T_b^a , and the density of the conserved current, j^a .

3. Calculate the 4-momentum,

$$P^a = \int_V dV T^{0a},$$

and the conserved current,

$$J^a = \int_V dV j^a,$$

for positive and negative frequency normal modes. Interpret the results.

- 4. Prove that different normal modes contribute to the total energy and the total charge of a scalar field independently (that is, there are no interference terms in the sums).
- 5. For the commutation relation,

$$aa^{\dagger} - a^{\dagger}a = 1 \,,$$

and also for the anti-commutation relation,

$$aa^{\dagger} + a^{\dagger}a = 1 \,,$$

find the eigenvalues of the operator $a^{\dagger}a$.

Hint: consider the eigenstates of the $a^{\dagger}a$ operator,

$$a^{\mathsf{T}}a|\lambda\rangle = \lambda|\lambda\rangle,$$

and investigate the states $a|\lambda\rangle$ and $a^{\dagger}|\lambda\rangle$.

- 6. Does the charge operator Q commute with the hamiltonian operator H?
- 7. Canonical commutation relation in quantum mechanics is given as

$$[x, p_x] = i \,,$$

where $\hbar = 1$ and $p_x = \partial \mathcal{L} / \partial \dot{x}$ is the canonical momentum (conjugate momentum).

For a field ϕ the corresponding canonical momentum is $p_{\phi} = \partial \mathcal{L} / \partial \dot{\phi}$.

Assuming bosonic commutation relation

$$a_{\mathbf{k}}a_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}a_{\mathbf{k}'} = \delta_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'}$$

argue that for our scalar field ϕ the canonical equal time commutation relation is given as

$$[\phi(t,\mathbf{r}),p_{\phi}(t,\mathbf{r}')]=i\delta(\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}')$$